

# 9 - 12 March 2019

**KLCC**• KUALA LUMPUR, MALAYSIA

(Grappling a

symbolises the bravery of a man.

of entertainment.
"In Chinese bullfighting, we cannot deny the bulls experience pain," said Layli Li, a spokeswoman for animal welfare group Peta.
"As long as it exists, that means there is suffering." — Reuters

snorting bull)

## **THE STAR**

#### **MALAYSIA**

### The art of kung fu bullfighting

Chinese variant of the Spanish fight does not involve swords or gore

opponent around five times hi weight and capable of killing him. Ren's mixing of martial arts and

he 24-year-old has never been Besides, he says, grappling with a

"It symbolises the bravery of a man," Ren said.

Unlike Spain's more famous sport, the Chinese variant of bull-fighting involves no swords or gore but instead fuses the moves of wres-

but instead fuses the moves of wrestling with the skill and speed of kung fu to bring down beasts weighing up to 400kg.
"Spanish bullfighting is more like a performance or a show," said Hua Yang, a 41-year-old enthusiast.
"This (the Chinese variety) is truly a contest pitting a human's strength against a bull. There are a lot of skills involved and it can be dangerous."

dangerous."

The physically demanding sport requires fighters to train intensively and they typically have short careers, said Han Haihua, a former pro wrestler who coaches bullfight

s at his Haihua Kung fu School. Han calls the bullfighting style he teaches "the explosive power of hard 'qigong'", saying it combines the skill and speed of martial arts with traditional wrestling tech-



Master of his art: Ren posing at the bull stable of the Haihua Kung-fu School in Jiaxing, Zhejiang province, China. — Reuters

Typically, a fighter approaches the bull head on, grabs its horns and twists, turning its head until the bull topples over.

"What do I mean by explosive power?" Han asked.

"In a flash! Pow! Concentrate all your power on one point. All of a sudden, in a flash, wrestle it to the

ground."

If the first fighter gets tired, another one can step into the ring, but they have just three minutes in which to wrestle the bull to the

ground or lose the bout.

The bulls, too, are trained before entering the ring, Han said, and learn themselves how to spread their legs or find a corner to brace against being taken down.

"A bull can also think like a busine the river was a busine to be a considered."

human, they are smart," Han added. Although he says his bulls get better treatment than the animals involved in the Spanish sport, animal rights activists believe Chinese bullfighting is still painful for the animals and cruel as a form



fighter:



#### **Building springboard for export growth**

Furniture council gets Dr M's support to help industry achieve target



try is on track to achieving RM20bil in exports by 2025 according to the Malaysian Furniture Council (MFC)

Its president Chua Chun Chai said the furniture industry

said the furniture industry would achieve the target through ensuring a robust 10% year-on-year growth.

The council briefed Prime Minister Tun Dr Mahathir Mohamad on the industry's plans to drive growth in the local furniture industry and expand furniture exports from expand furniture exports from Malaysia in a recent meeting.

Malaysia in a recent meeting.
Among MFC's proposals highlighted during the meeting were
fast-track approval for foreign
workers and reimplementation
of foreign worker replacement
policy to secure sufficient workforce, as well as for state governments to provide land and
loans for planting of high-yield
rubber trees to ensure sufficient
supply. "The key drivers for furniture

industry growth include adequate supply of labour and rub-berwood raw material," Chua

said.

MFC also expressed commitment working with the Government to ensure the furniture industry is well-supported to meet targets.

Chua said Dr Mahathir encouraged industry players to work together with research institutions to reach greater.

institutions to reach greater He added that the prime min-

ister hoped there could be more research on alternative timber aterials for furniture materials for furniture produc-tion, given the current high price of rubberwood. MFC deputy president Andy Ng You Choon said the furniture

industry growth could be enhanced by having new designated industrial zones in the northern, central and southern regions with the support of state Vice-president Jamaludin Che

Vice-president Jamaludin Che Murad also briefed Dr Mahathir on the present status of the bumiputra furniture industry. Issues of strict regulation on the furniture industry were also raised during the meeting. MFC adviser Sunny Ter and Jamaludin said MFC had in 2013 and 2017 requested the removal

and 2017 requested the removal of furniture (HS code 9403) from the Customs (Prohibition of

Exports) Order. This order makes it compulsory for each consignment of furniture to

seek clarification on this matter. Ng said the industry hoped that the Wood-Based Industry (State Legislatures Competency) Act requiring furniture plants to



Dr Mahathir receiving a portrait as a gift from Chua (sixth from left) and Ja

The key drivers for furniture industry include adequate supply of labour and rubberwood raw materials.

Chua Chun Chai

Forestry Department, which would be fully enforced next year, could be deferred, and subsequently, exclude furniture mill from the act. Ter shared that from 1986 to

2005, with the First and Second 2005, with the First and Second Industrial Master Plans, the Malaysian furniture industry experienced exponential growt in exports from RM40mil to RM7.5bil due to the Governmen facilitating value-added downstream manufacturing process stream manufacturing process. Growth has been moderating

at a rate of 2.5% per year between 2006 and 2017. The industry managed to achieve RM10.14bil in exports in 2017, and hoped for Government su and noped for Government sup-port in terms of policies, facili-tating measures, industrial plans and cooperation, he added. Chua said Dr Mahathir's

response was encouraging. "The Prime Minister

expressed support for the indus-try and looked forward to Malaysia's continuous growth in furniture exports. We sincerely hope Government can reduce red tape such as export licence in order to facilitate furniture

exports.
"In fact, from 2013, Malaysian furniture exports in terms of US dollars did not achieve the expected growth as the industry expressed reluctance to expand production owing to uncertainty in manufacturing inputs and excessive regulation stifling the industry," he noted.











